Washington State House of Representatives Office of Program Research

BILL ANALYSIS

Health Care & Wellness Committee

HB 1045

Brief Description: Concerning the practice of East Asian medicine.

Sponsors: Representatives Tharinger, Harris, Van De Wege, Rodne, Moeller, Clibborn, Cody, G. Hunt, Jinkins, Gregerson, Santos and Riccelli.

Brief Summary of Bill

- Creates the East Asian Medicine Advisory Committee to advise the Department of Health.
- Eliminates the requirement that an East Asian medicine practitioner develop a written plan for consultation, emergency transfer, and referral to other providers.

Hearing Date: 1/27/15

Staff: Alexa Silver (786-7190).

Background:

East Asian medicine practitioners are licensed by the Department of Health (DOH). East Asian medicine is a health care service that uses East Asian medicine diagnosis and treatment to promote health and treat organic or functional disorders. It includes: acupuncture; the use of electrical, mechanical, or magnetic devices to stimulate acupuncture points or meridians; moxibustion; acupressure; cupping; dermal friction technique; infra-red; sonopuncture; laserpuncture; point injection therapy (aquapuncture); dietary advice and health education based on East Asian medical theory; breathing, relaxation, and East Asian exercise techniques; qi gong; East Asian massage and Tui na; and superficial heat and cold therapies.

East Asian medicine practitioners are required to prepare and submit to the DOH a written plan for consultation, emergency transfer, and referral to other health care providers. The plan must be submitted with the initial licensure application and then annually at the time the practitioner renews his or her license. The DOH may withhold a license if the plan does not meet the standards in DOH rules.

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In addition to the written plan, an East Asian medicine practitioner who sees a patient with a potentially serious disorder must immediately request a consultation or recent diagnosis from a primary care provider. If the patient refuses, he or she must sign a waiver acknowledging the risks associated with the failure to pursue treatment from a primary care provider.

Summary of Bill:

Advisory Committee.

The East Asian Medicine Advisory Committee (Committee) is established. It consists of five members, all of whom must be Washington residents. Four members must be East Asian medicine practitioners who have at least five years' experience and who have been actively engaged in practice within two years of appointment. One member must be a member of the public with an interest in the rights of health services consumers. Members serve three-year terms and may not serve more than two consecutive full terms.

Committee members are appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the Secretary of the Department of Health (DOH). The Committee is charged with advising and making recommendations to the DOH on standards for the practice of East Asian medicine. It must meet at least once a year. Committee members are immune from civil or criminal liability for the DOH's disciplinary proceedings or other official acts performed in good faith. Committee members are entitled to reimbursement for travel expenses and may be compensated up to \$50 per day for attending an official meeting or performing other statutorily prescribed duties.

Written Referral Plan.

The requirement that an East Asian medicine practitioner develop a written plan for consultation, emergency transfer, and referral to other providers is eliminated.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Effective Date: The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of the session in which the bill is passed.